

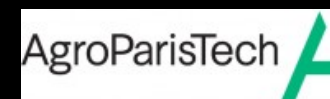
Accounting for the multiple roles of organic matter in modelling the transport and fate of organic contaminants in soil

Valérie Pot, Florian Chabauty, Pierre Benoit, Patricia Garnier, Etienne Gouttebel

UMR EcoSys, Université Paris-Saclay, INRAE, AgroParisTech, Palaiseau, France

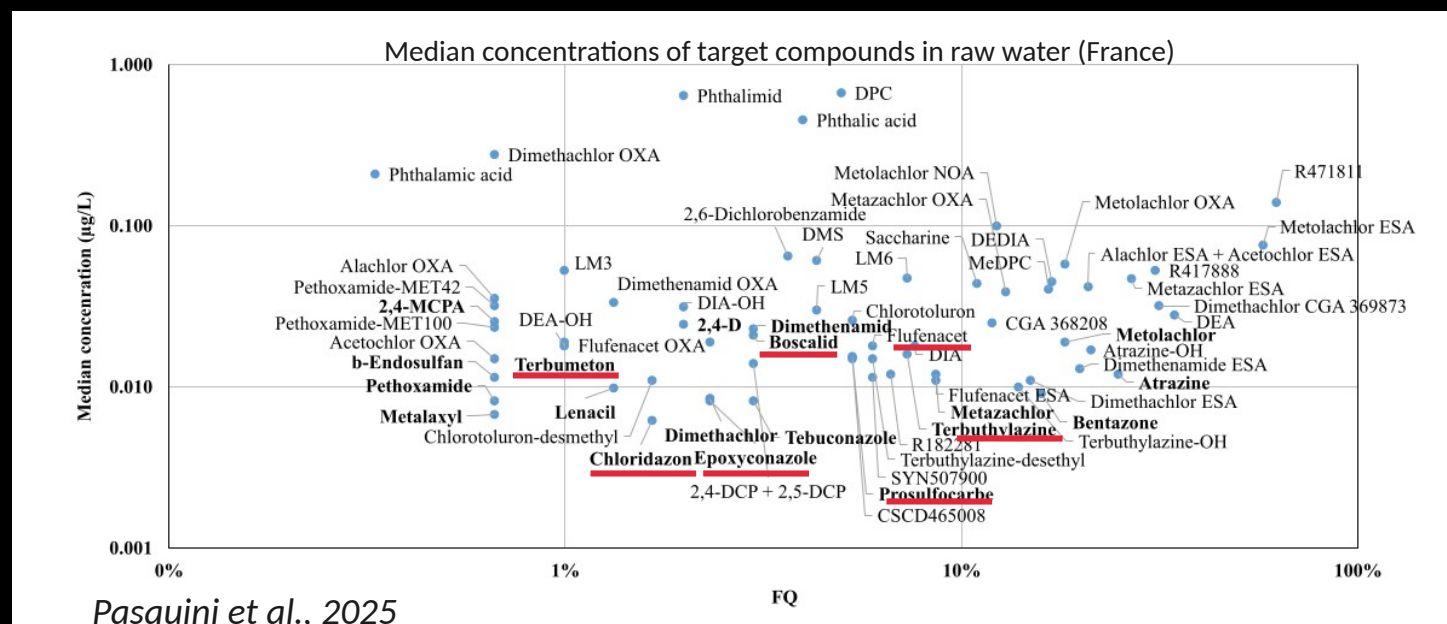
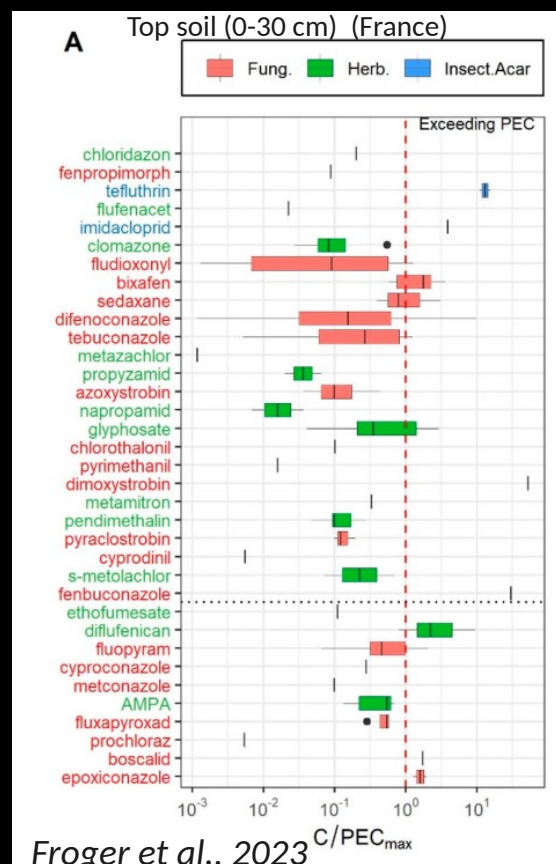
François Lafolie

EMMAH, Avignon, France



Transport and fate of organic contaminants in soils

> Frequent detection of organic contaminants (and their transformation products)
in soils and drinking waters



Transport and fate of organic contaminants in soils

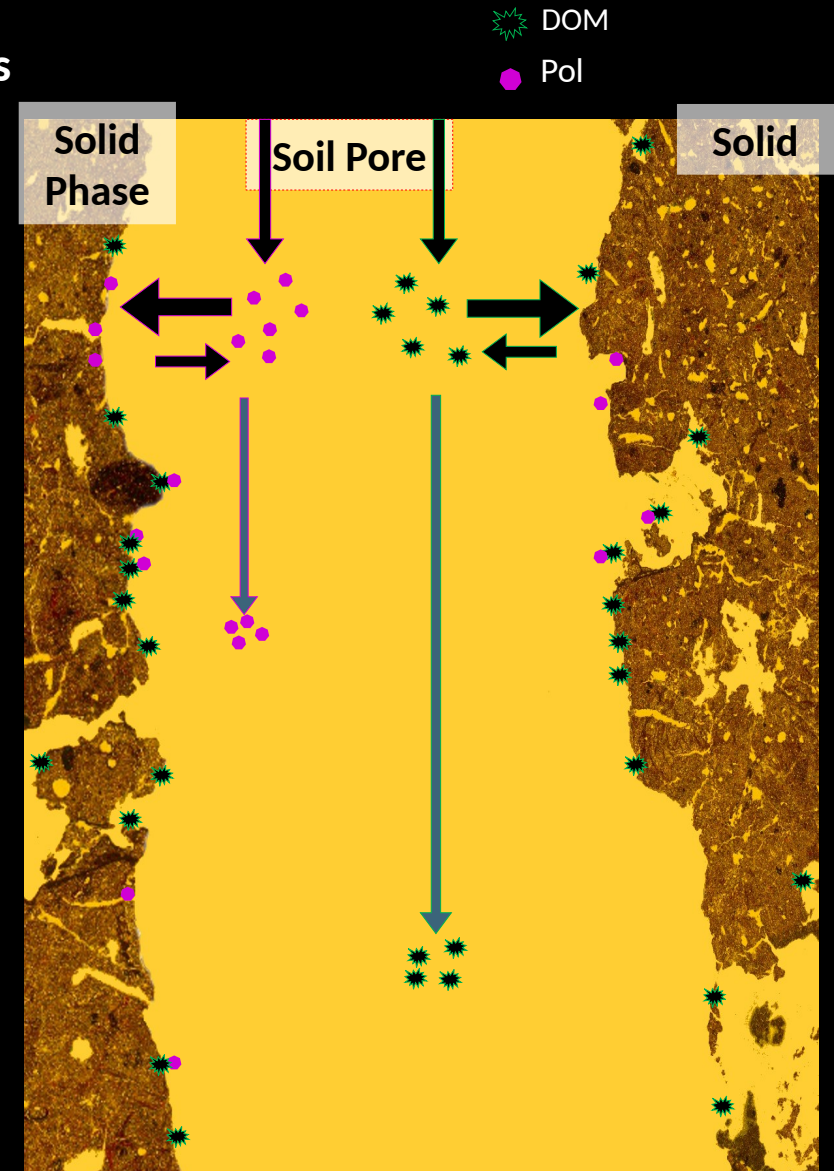
- > Soils are complex porous media
- > Transport of water and solutes far from equilibrium state
- > Multiple sources of non-equilibrium linked to the physical, physico-chemical and biological heterogeneities of soil
- > Hypotheses :
 - ↪ preferential flow (macropores)
 - ↪ co-transport with dissolved organic matter and colloids

Multiple roles of dissolved organic matter (DOM)

> Surface reactivity: soil/pore interface, DOM/organic contaminant (Pol)

> Adsorption-desorption of free organic contaminants

> Adsorption-desorption of free DOM



Tötsche et al. 1997; Flury & Qiu, 2008 ; Barriuso et al. 2011 ;
Borgman & Chefetz 2013

Multiple roles of dissolved organic matter (DOM)

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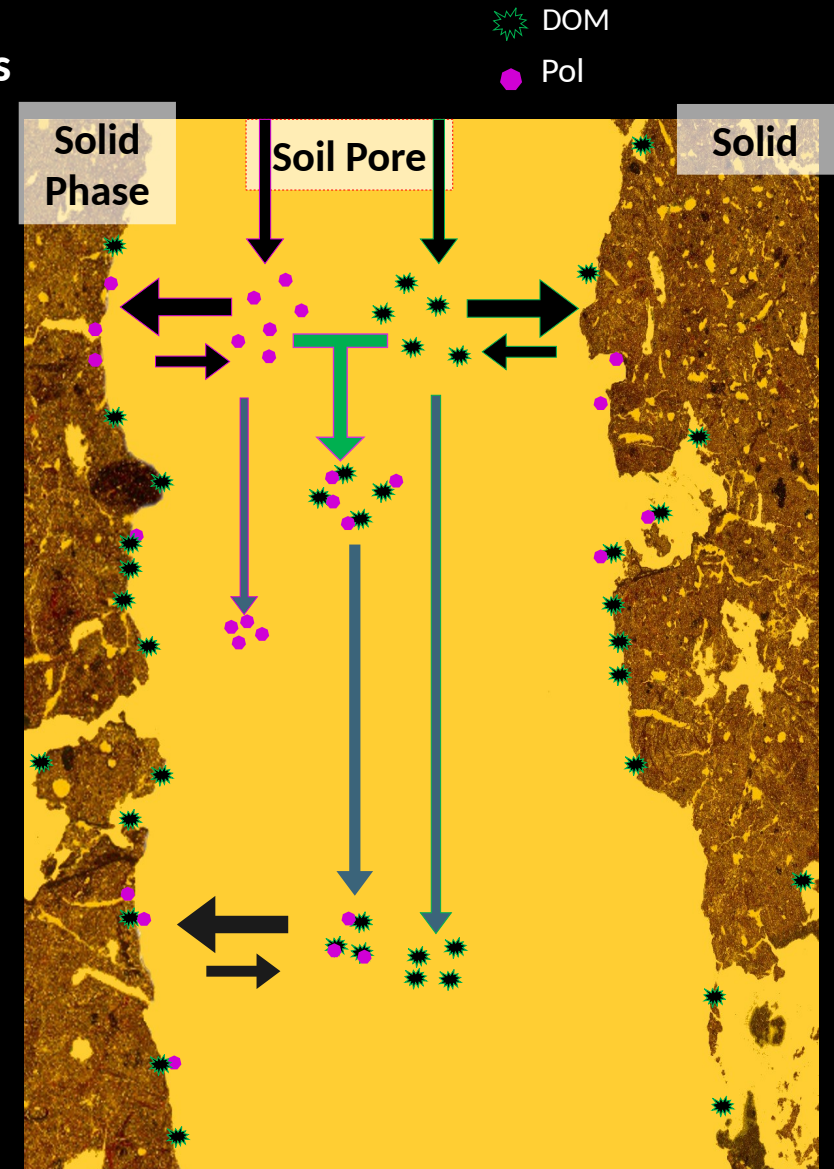
> Adsorption-desorption of free organic contaminants

> Adsorption-desorption of free DOM

> Association Pol-DOM in aqueous phase

> Co-transport ↗

> Adsorption-desorption of Pol-DOM on soil reactive surfaces (co-sorption) ↘



Tötsche et al. 1997; Flury & Qiu, 2008 ; Barriuso et al. 2011 ;
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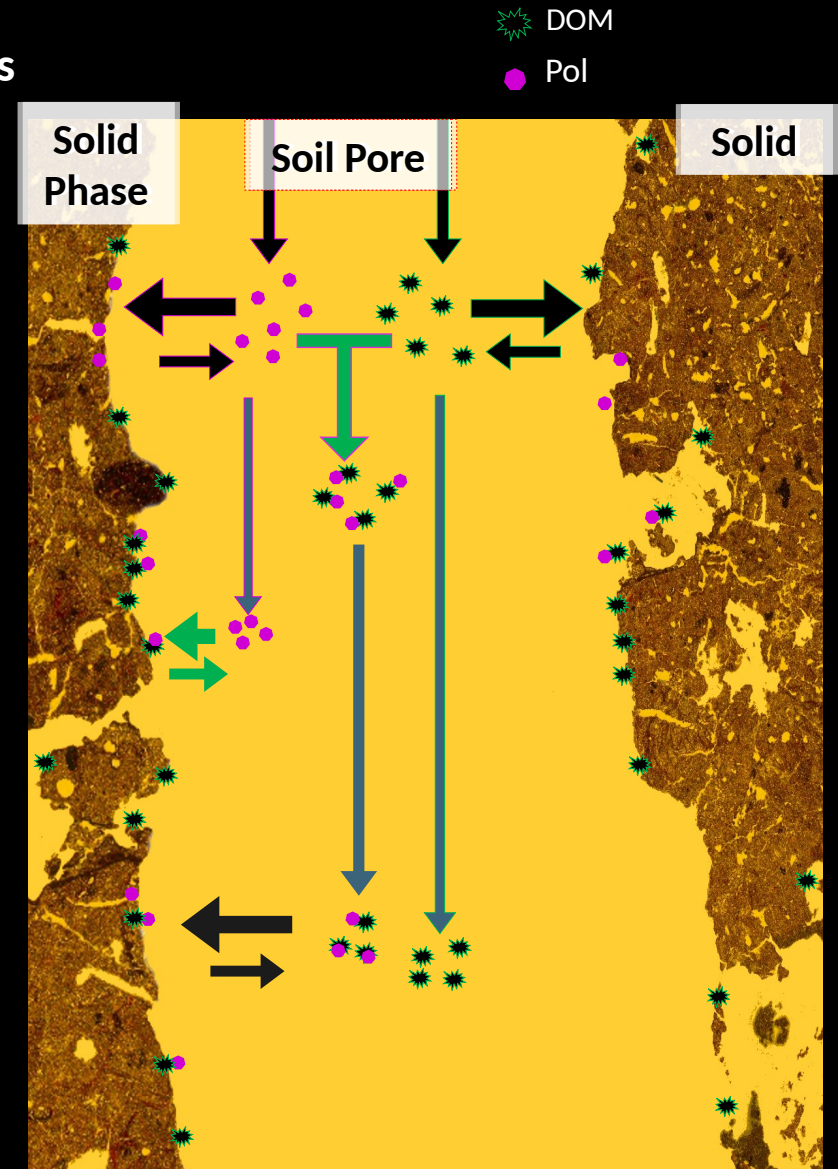
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> Association Pol-DOM on the soil reactive surfaces (cumulated sorption) ↘

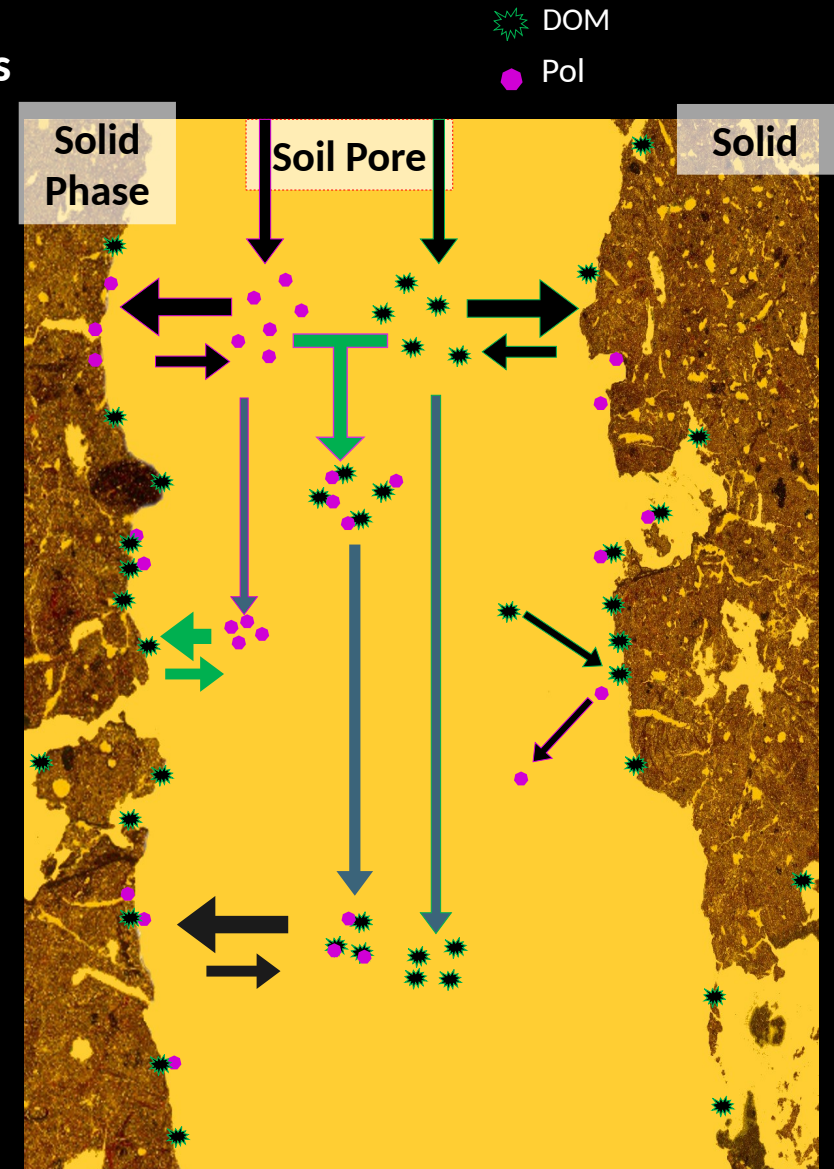


Tötsche et al. 1997; Flury & Qiu, 2008 ; Barriuso et al. 2011 ;
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Multiple roles of dissolved organic matter (DOM)

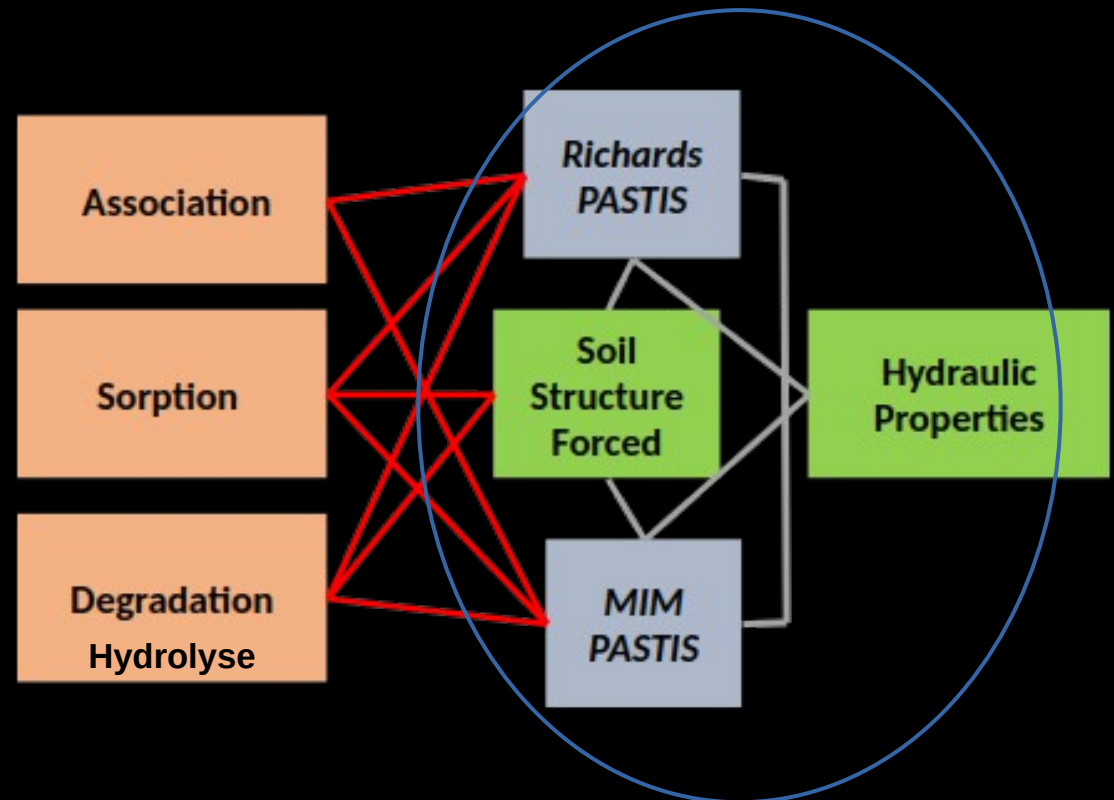
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- > Adsorption-desorption of free organic contaminants
- > Adsorption-desorption of free DOM
- > Association Pol-DOM in aqueous phase
- > Co-transport
- > Adsorption-desorption of Pol-DOM on soil reactive surfaces (co-sorption)
- > Association Pol-DOM on the soil reactive surfaces (cumulated sorption)
- > Competition for sorption sites



Tötsche et al. 1997; Flury & Qiu, 2008 ; Barriuso et al. 2011 ;
Borgman & Chefetz 2013

Modelling with VSoil



Soil structure

Concept :

Soil structure = spherical aggregate distribution



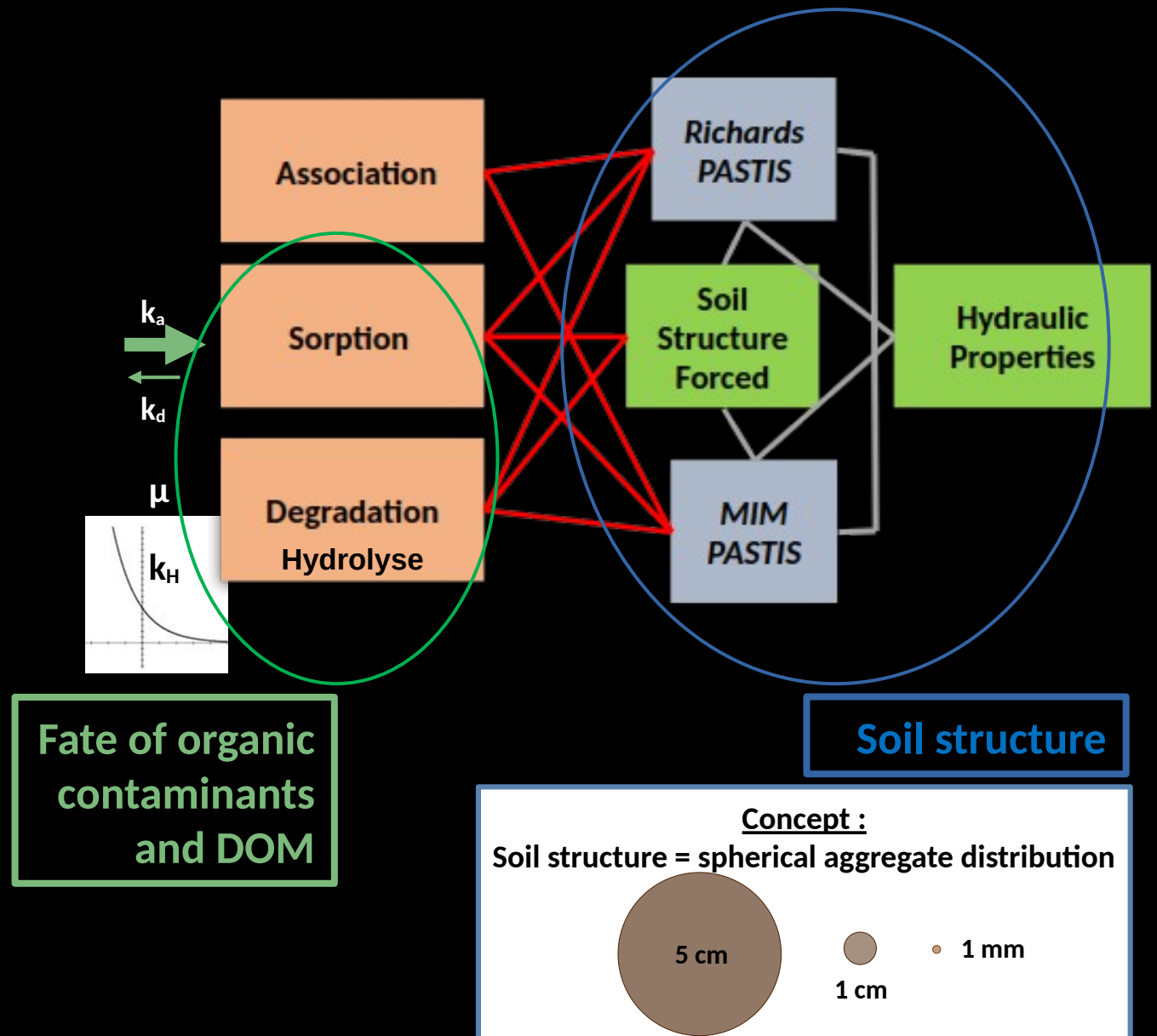
5 cm



1 cm

• 1 mm

Modelling with VSoil

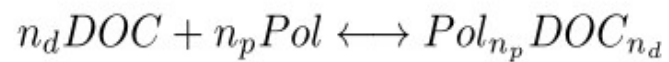


Modelling with VSoil

PoIDOC

Concept :
3 different species :

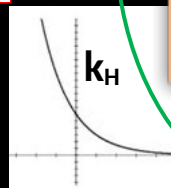
Free Pol
Free DOC
PoIDOC



k_a

k_d

μ



Fate of organic
contaminants
and DOM

Association

Sorption

Degradation
Hydrolyse

Richards
PASTIS

Soil
Structure
Forced

MIM
PASTIS

Hydraulic
Properties

Soil structure

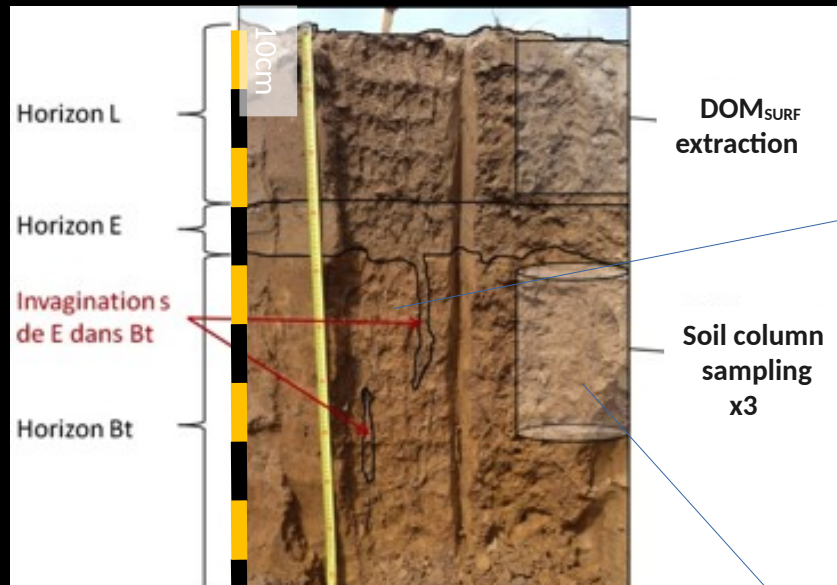
Concept :
Soil structure = spherical aggregate distribution



1 mm

Transport and fate of organic contaminants in a soil Bt horizon

❖ Long-term field site (QualiAgro)



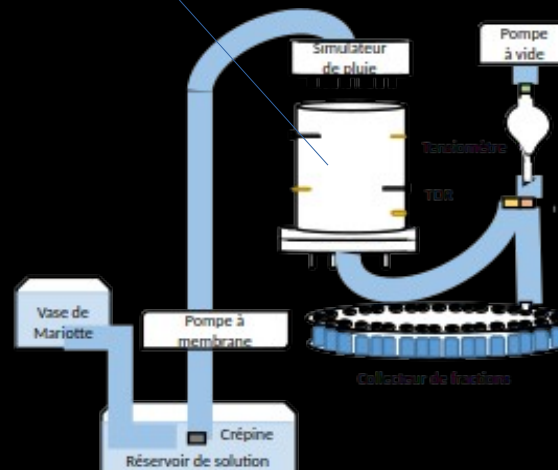
Silt loamy
Luvisol

- ❖ Bt horizon of a luvisol contains polyedric structures of low permeability (31.1 % clay, 64.6 % silt and 4.3% sand)
- ❖ Older, more stable DOM in the Bt horizon
- ❖ Younger, more reactive DOM in the top soil
- ❖ Contaminants applied at the top layer more prone to associate to DOM_{SURF}

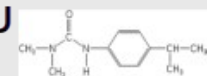
Kaiser and Kalblitz, 2012

❖ Percolation experiments

Rainfall solution
DOM_{SURF}
organic contaminants

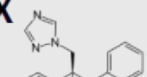


Isoproturon IPU



$K_{oc}=122 \text{ L/Kg}$ $DT_{50}=12 \text{ d}$

Epoxiconazole EPX

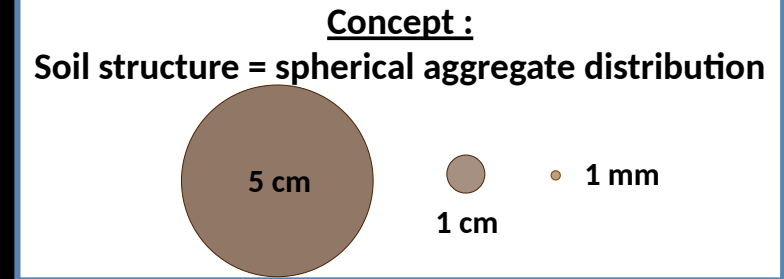
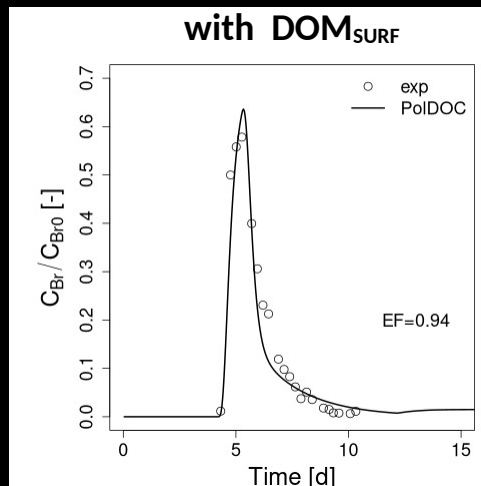
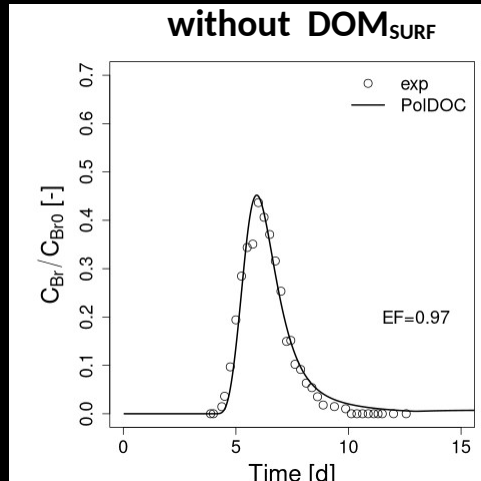


$K_{oc}=1073 \text{ L/Kg}$ $DT_{50}=354 \text{ d}$

Chabauty et al., 2016

Modelling with VSoil: early results

➡ MIM Transport



Calibration

Without DOM_{SURF}

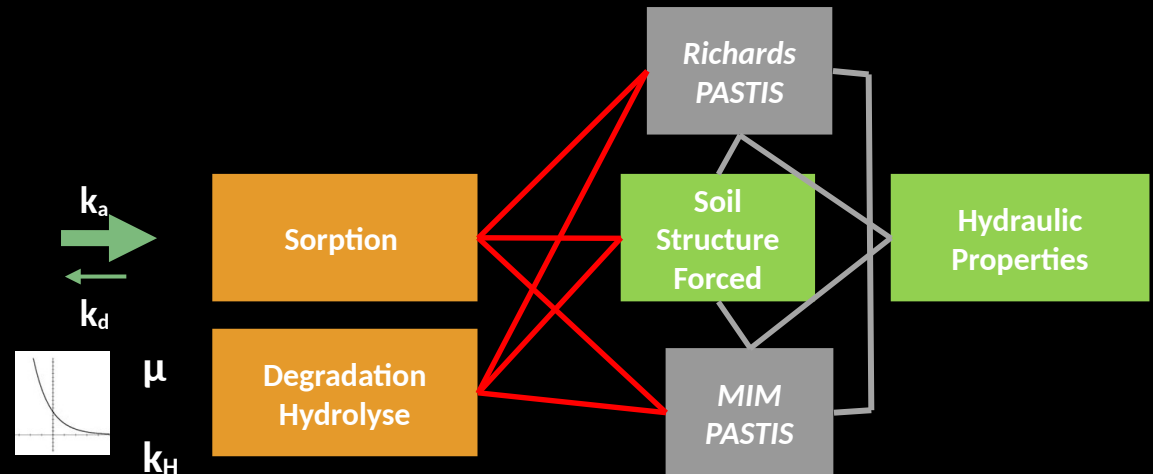
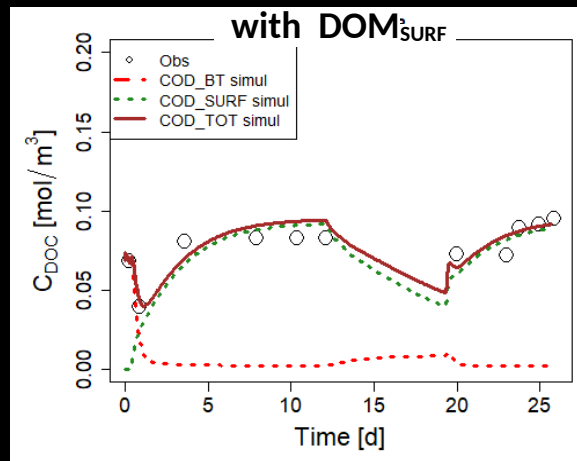
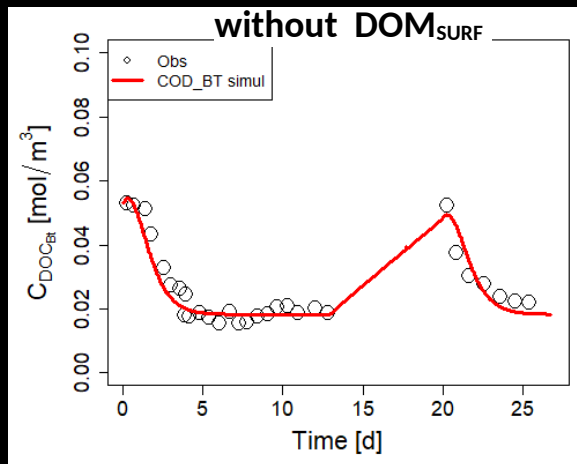
With DOM_{SURF}

	5 cm	1 cm	1 mm
Without DOM _{SURF}	~ 25 %	~ 26 %	~ 49 %
With DOM _{SURF}	~ 57 %	~ 41 %	~ 3 %
	~ 32 %	~ 65 %	~ 3 %

↪ Accelerated transport in presence of DOM

Modelling with VSoil: early results

DOM Transport



Calibration

		k_a [s ⁻¹]	k_d [s ⁻¹]	μ [s ⁻¹]	k_H [s ⁻¹]
Without DOM_{SURF}	DOC_{BT} :	2e-7	1e-8	1e-7	3e-11
With DOM_{SURF}	DOC_{BT} :	2e-7	1e-8	1e-7	3e-11
	DOC_{SURF} :	5e-5	4e-6	1e-7	-

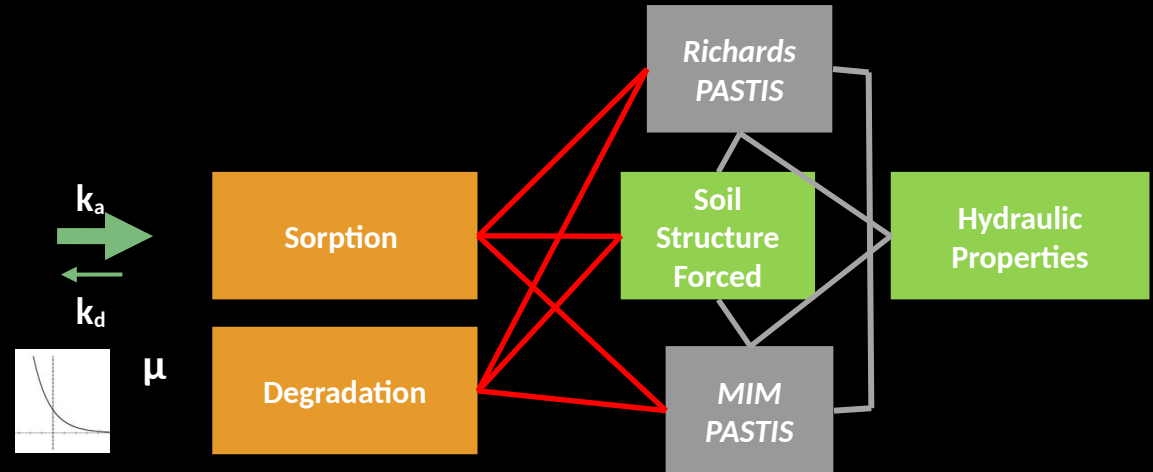
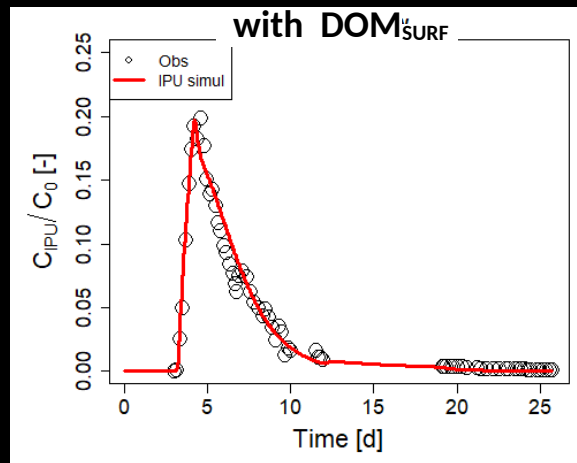
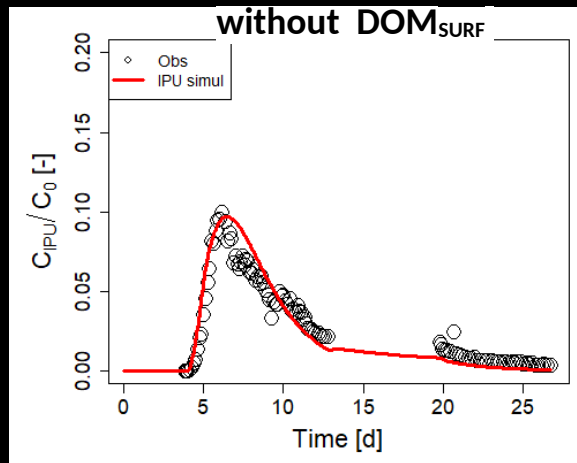
↪ DOM from surface layers is more reactive (sorption)

- confirmed by fluorescence

- in agreement with Kaiser & Kalblitz (2012)

Modelling with VSoil: early results

IPU Transport



Calibration

		k_a [s ⁻¹]	k_d [s ⁻¹]	μ [s ⁻¹]
Without DOM _{SURF}	IPU	1e-4	2e-5	6e-7
With DOM _{SURF}	IPU	6e-5	2e-5	7e-6

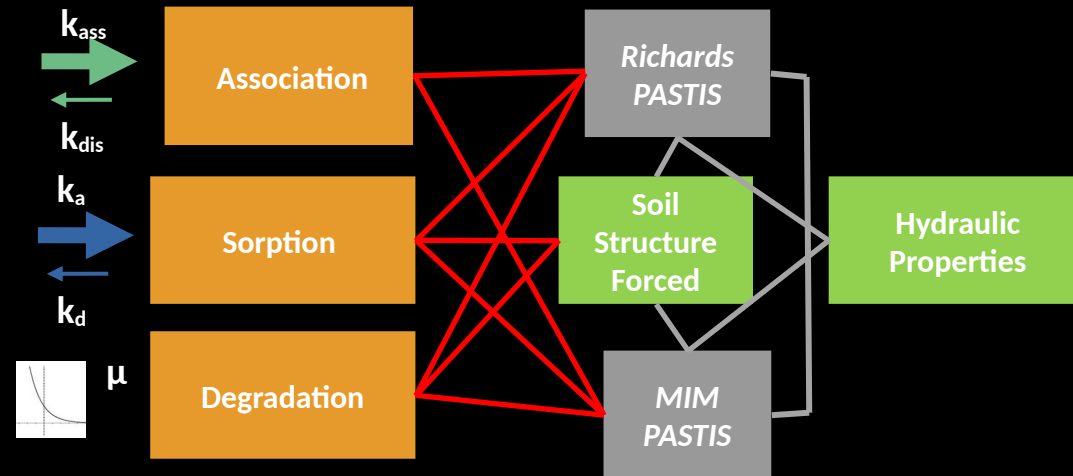
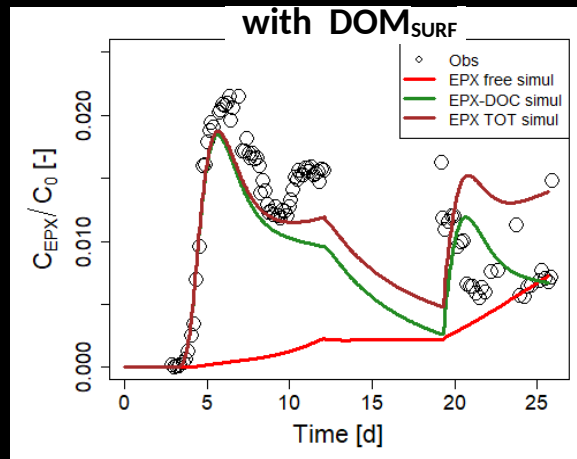
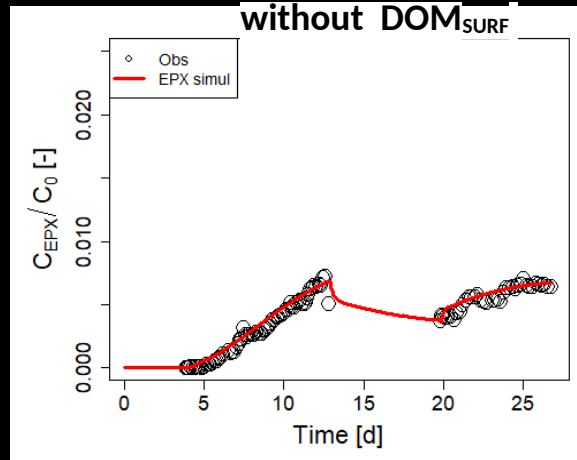
↪ Decrease of IPU sorption in presence of DOM_{SURF}

- competition for sorption between IPU and DOM

↪ Increase of IPU degradation in presence of DOM_{SURF}

Modelling with VSoil: early results

EPX Transport



Calibration

	k_a [s ⁻¹]	k_d [s ⁻¹]	μ [s ⁻¹]
Without DOM _{SURF} EPX	3e-4	9e-6	2e-8
With DOM _{SURF} EPX	1e-3	2e-5	5e-6
EPX-DOM _{SURF}	2e-4	6e-5	2e-7
DOM _{SURF}	4e-5	2e-7	5e-6

↪ Increase of EPX leaching in presence of DOM_{SURF}

- co-transport after EPX-DOM association

Modelling with VSoil: conclusions

- ↪ Soil structure partly explained the DOM and contaminant transport
 - immobile zones were more important in presence of DOM_{SURF}
- ↪ DOM_{SURF} diversely affected the contaminant transport
 - for polar compound (IPU), competition for sorption (↗ IPU transport)
 - for hydrophobic compound (EPX), co-transport (↗ EPX transport)
- ↪ Ongoing improvement of PolDOC
 - add cumulated sorption

Transport and fate of organic contaminants in presence of a mulch

Etienne Gouttebel, Stage La Recherche et Moi

> Conservation agriculture



Corn growing in a soil with wheat mulch (@ Arvalis)

No-tillage or reduction of tillage

No bare soil (intercrops, plant residues (mulch)

Longer crop rotation

More extensive chemical weed control

Water infiltration improved (biopores)

> Mulch impacts



soil erosion



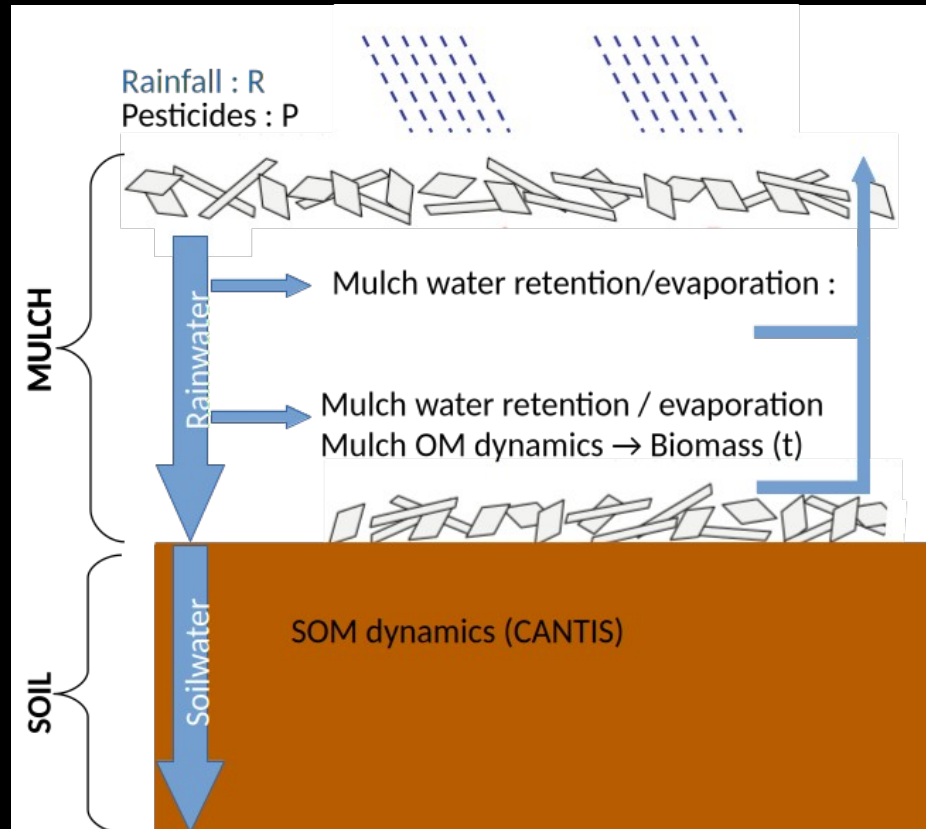
water and pesticides retention in the mulch



sorption and degradation of pesticides in the mulch

Modelling with VSoil

> Conservation agriculture



Findeling et al., 2003

Mulch: 2 layers

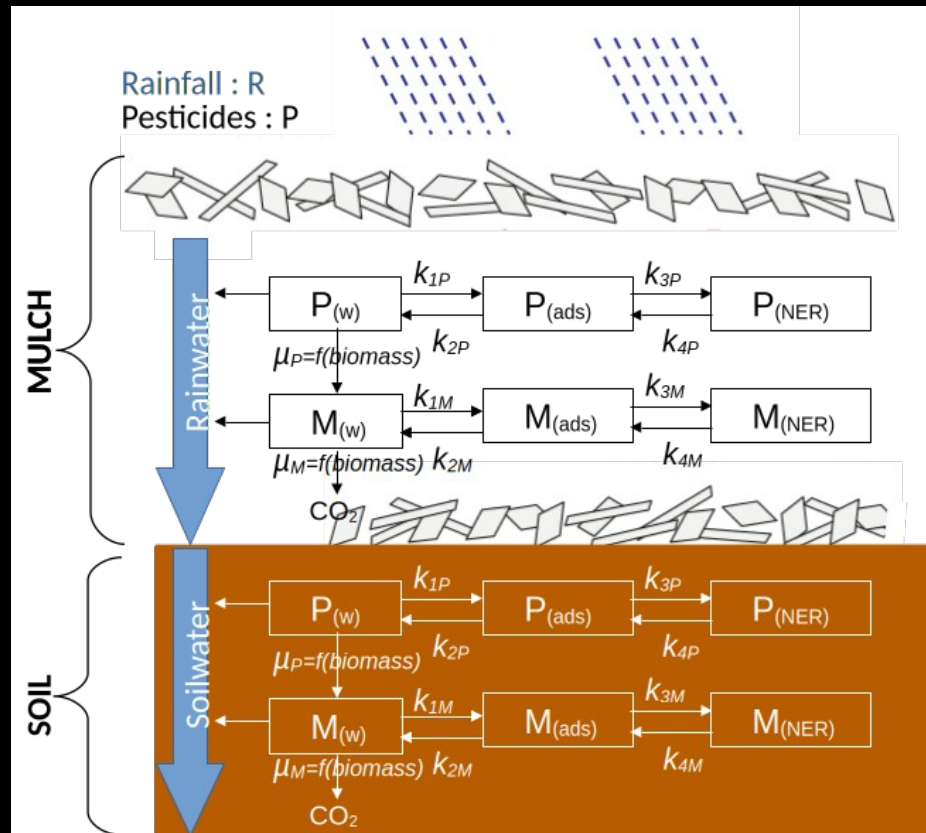
Water retention and evaporation

Water leaching → soil

Mulch OM decomposition (layer in contact with the soil)

Modelling with VSoil

> Conservation agriculture



Hdaddi et al., 2003
Aslam et al., 2018

Mulch: 2 layers

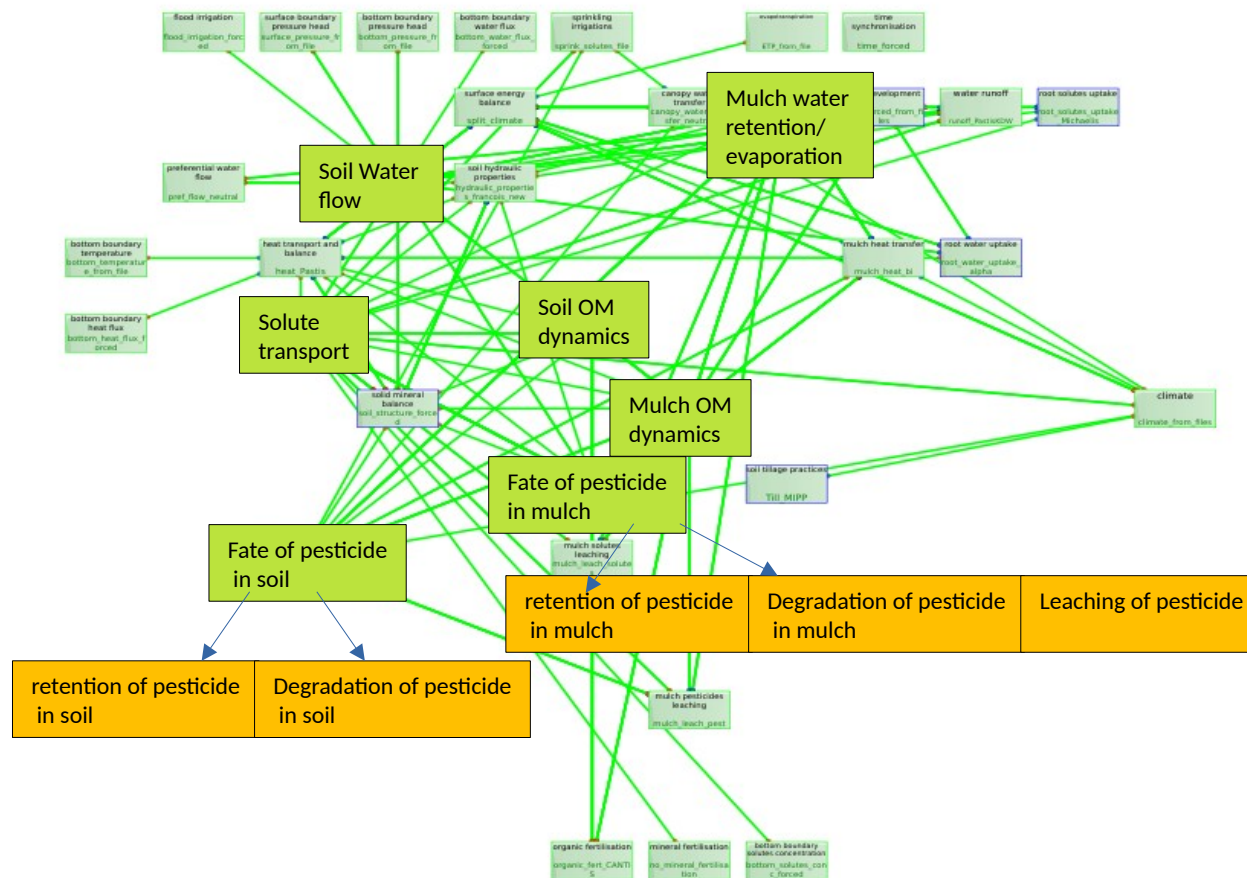
Degradation in the layer in contact with soil

- total or partial mineralization

- 1 metabolite

Adsorption: 2 pools

> Conservation agriculture

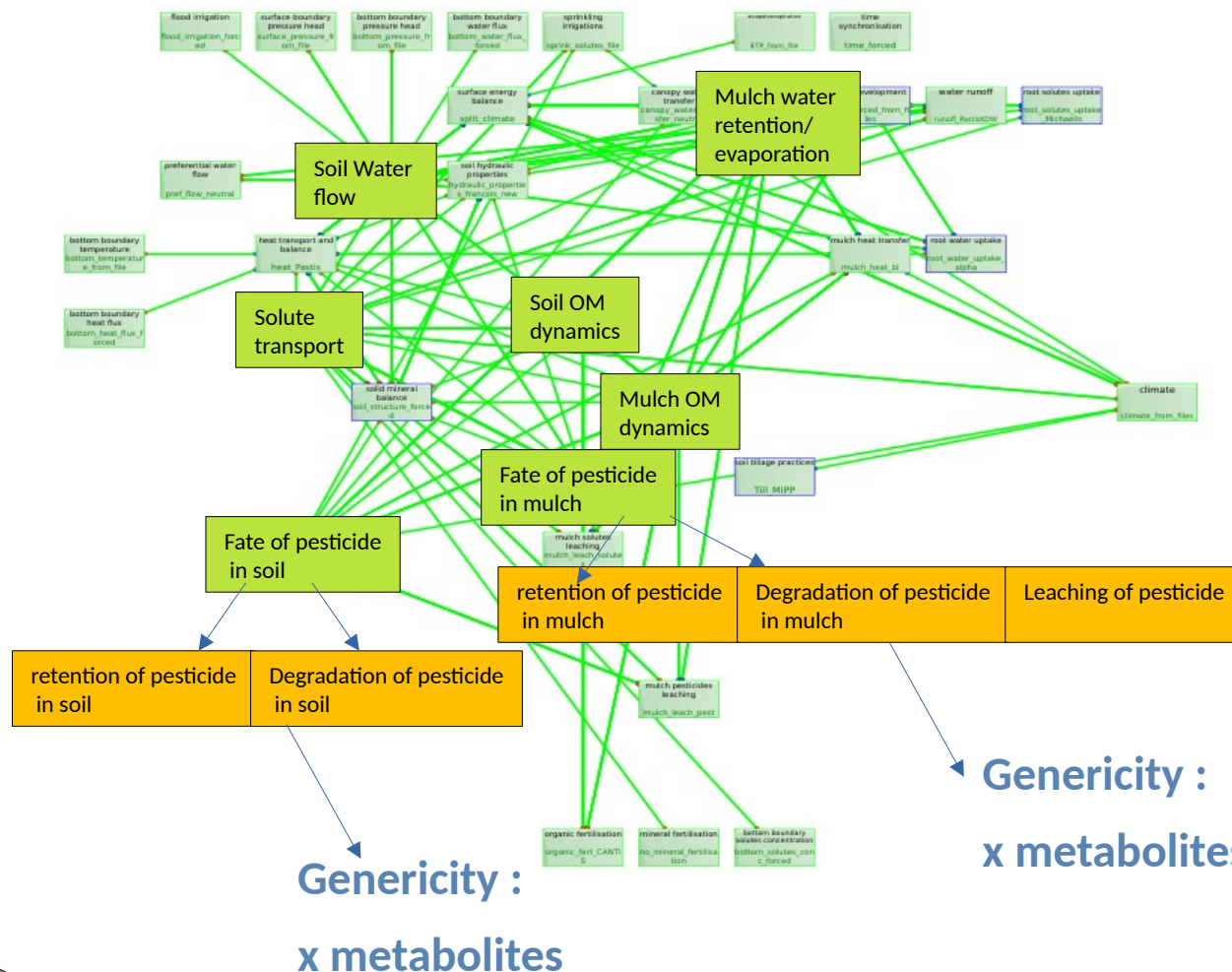


**Version actuelle
(François Lafolie)**

Version modularisée en cours (Etienne)

Modelling with VSoil

> Conservation agriculture



Version actuelle
(François Lafolie)

Version modularisée
en cours (Etienne)

Impact of miscanthus on the quality of soil and drinking waters

Caroline Chavinier, Pierre Benoit, Valérie Pot

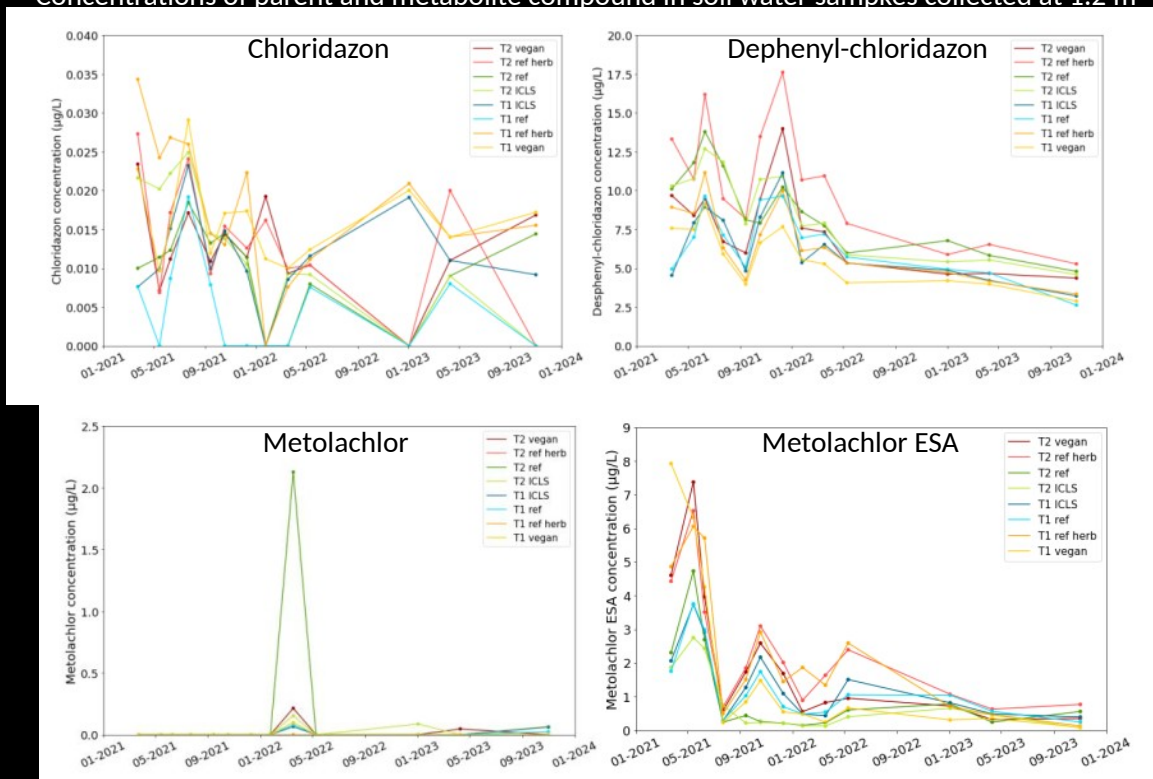
UMR EcoSys, Université Paris-Saclay, INRAE, AgroParisTech, Palaiseau, France

Julien Tournebize

UR Hycar, INRAE, Antony, France0

- > Pollution of drinking and drainage waters by pesticides and metabolites
- > High concentrations of metabolites in soil waters

Concentrations of parent and metabolite compound in soil water samples collected at 1.2 m



Impact of miscanthus on the quality of soil and drinking waters

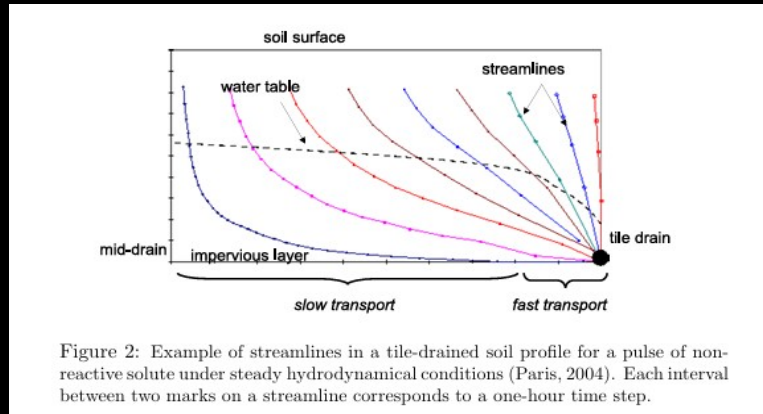
> Thesis in ANR MisEauVert Project “Ecosystem services of miscanthus to restore water quality and soil fertility”



Impact of miscanthus on the quality of soil and drinking waters



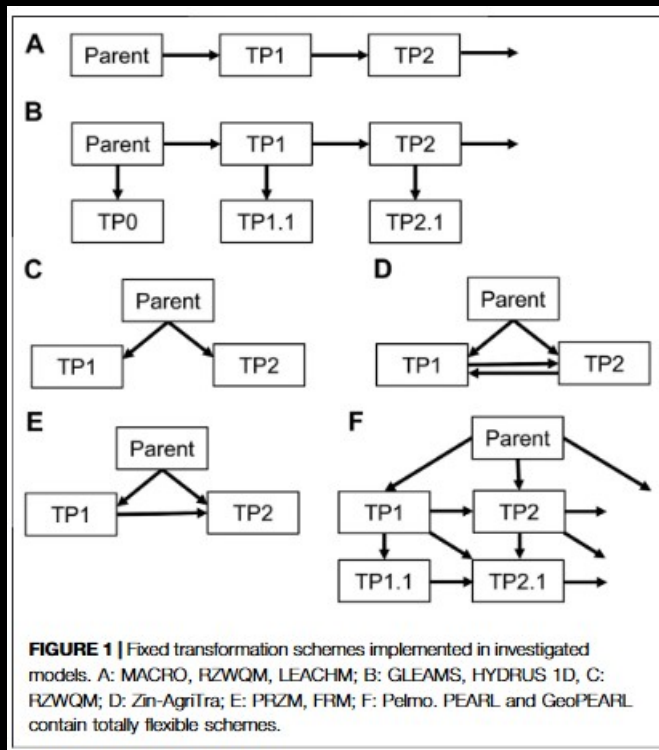
Monitoring of 2 drained plots,
located near into a priority
groundwater for drinkable use
(Bailleau-L'Evêque, Saint Aubin-
des-Bois)



→ Add a module to model
the drainage system in
Vsoil : representation of
drainage system in 1D

- Model water flow in the soil towards the drainage network

Impact of miscanthus on the quality of soil and drinking waters



Gassmann, 2021

Add a module to model different transformation schemes and multiple metabolites and in VSoil

- Adapt the processes of the fate of pesticides and their metabolites